## Petersburg Waterfront Master Plan: Rate Study and Financial Considerations

A presentation by Mike Fisher

Alaska Association of Harbormasters and Port Administrators
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# Background

2015: Update of Petersburg Borough Comprehensive Plan and Waterfront Master Plan

Team lead by Agnew::Beck, with Moffatt & Nichol and Northern Economics

**WMP** included capital planning for maintenance and new facilities, plus a **rate study** and **financial considerations** 

The rate study and financial component looked at revenue requirements to fund the life cycle costs of port and harbor facilities

#### Overview of Facilities

Harbors: North Harbor

Middle Harbor

South Harbor

Other Facilities: Crane Dock

Drive Down Float & Ramp

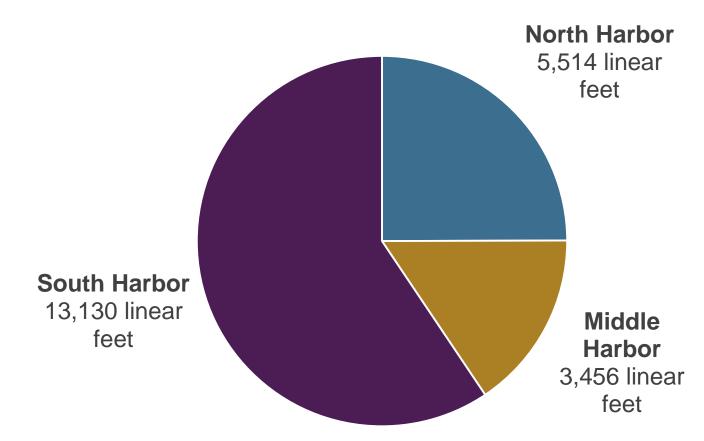
Fish Cleaning Float

**Harbor Office** 

Port Dock

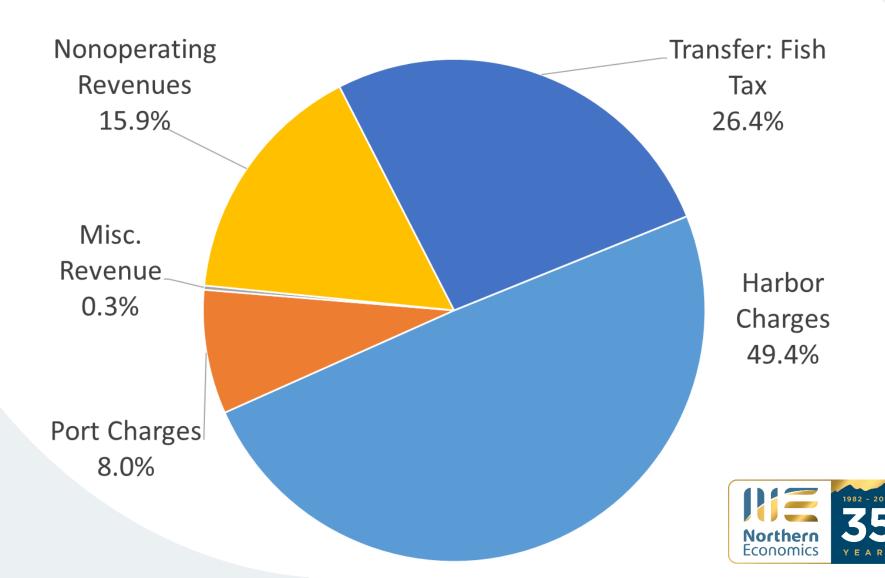


## Harbors: 22,100 linear feet

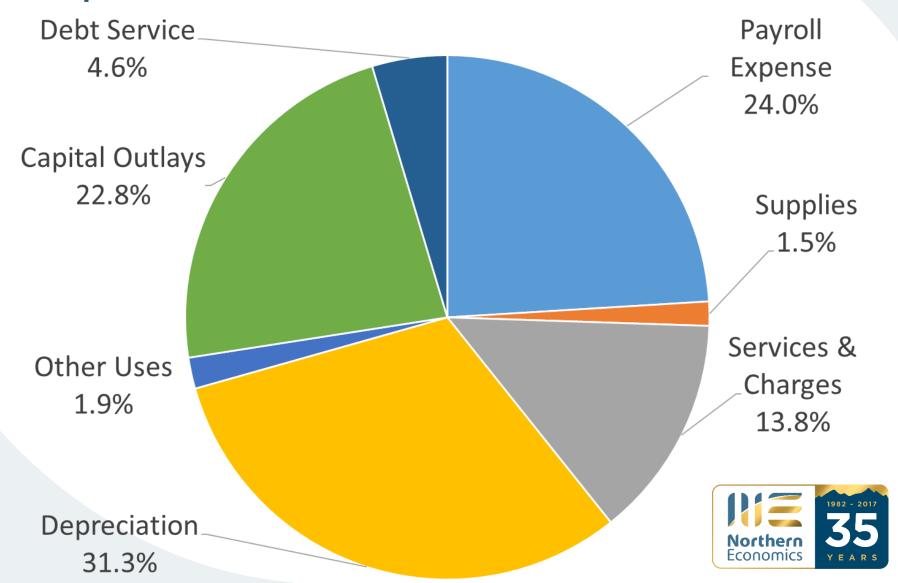




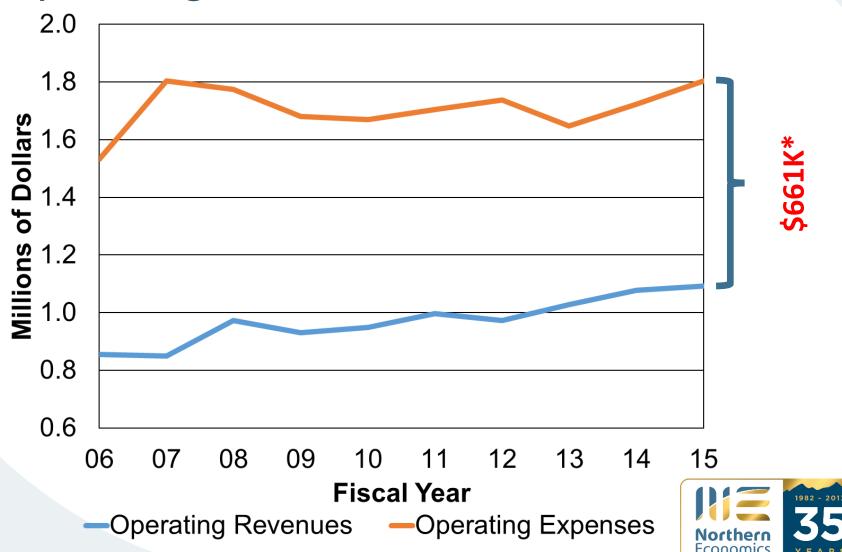
## Revenues, 2015: \$1,892,000



# Expenses, 2015: \$2,553,000



## Operating Income



# Rate Study

We conducted a rate study for **existing facilities** using a life cycle cost analysis (**LCCA**).

Due to the nature of capital projects and land acquisitions identified in the WMP, we suggested that each be considered individually as opportunities arise.



## LCCA Assumptions

**Discount Rate:** 1.4% real discount rate (U.S. OMB, 2014)

**Capital Cost Inflation Rate:** 3.8% annually for capital costs (PPI for Port and Harbor Operations, 2015)

**Percent of Costs Supported by Rates:** 100% of O&M, capital costs

Offsetting Revenues: Maintain non-operating revenues and fish tax

**Useful Life of Facilities:** 50-year useful life and replacement schedule

**Major Maintenance Costs:** 1.5% of original capital cost every 5 years and 2.22% of original capital cost every 15 years

**Operations Costs:** Based on 2015 budget, constant in real terms



### Facilities Included in LCCA

Middle Harbor

South Harbor

South Harbor

Harbor Office

North Harbor

Middle Harbor

South Harbor

South Harbor

Harbor Office

Port Dock

Crane Dock Addition

Fish Cleaning Float

Port Dock

Project Description	Total Cost (2015\$)	Year Built	Estimated Funding (\$)
	Current Facilities		<b>9</b> (1)
Drive Down Float & Ramp	9,500,000	2015	0
North Harbor	8,507,896	2014	4,760,000
Crane Dock Addition	834,189	2014	0
Fish Cleaning Float	214,590	2014	206,824

6,966,982

14,700,000

9,405,425

1,687,500

1,937,711

8,507,896

834,189

214,590

6,966,982

14,700,000

9,405,425

1,687,500

1,937,711

**Facility Replacement** 

2006

2004

1984

1982

2013

2064

2064

2064

2056

2054

2034

2032

2063

5,000,000

8,150,000

8,150,000

5,000,000

8,150,000

8,150,000

0

0

0

0

Cost to

Borough (2015\$)

9,500,000 3,747,896

834,189

1,966,982

6,550,000

1,255,425

1,687,500

1,937,711

8,507,896

834,189

214,590

1,966,982

6,550,000

1,255,425

1,687,499

1,937,711

7,766

### **Annualized Costs of Facilities**

		Annualized Amount (\$)		
Cost Category	Present Value (\$)	50 years	40 years	
Capital and Major Maintenance	20,374,253	569,343	668,685	
Operations and Routine Maintenance	39,550,659	1,105,212	1,298,056	
Total, Existing Facilities	59,924,912	1,674,555	1,966,740	



# Offsetting Revenues

Revenue Item	Source of Estimate	Amount (\$)
Operating Ex	xpenses	
Harbor charges	FY2015 Budget	935,274
Port charges	FY2015 Budget	151,000
Miscellaneous revenue	FY2015 Budget	5,100
Subtotal, Operating Expenses		1,091,374
Nonoperating	Revenues	
Nonoperating revenue (not including grants)	FY2015 Budget	49,500
Fish Tax	Estimate	400,000
Subtotal, Nonoperating Expenses		449,500
Total		1,540,874



# Revenue Requirements

	Period Over Which to Spread Costs		
	50 Years	40 Years	
Revenue requirement (\$)	1,674,555	1,966,740	
Less nonoperating revenues (\$)	-455,793	-535,322	
Operating revenue required (\$)	1,218,762	1,431,418	
Current operating revenues (\$)	1,091,374	1,091,374	
Required increase in operating revenues (\$)	127,388	340,044	
Required increase in operating revenues (%)	11.7	31.2	



# Financial Considerations: Rate Adjustments

#### **Useful life of 50 versus 40 years:**

- 11.7 percent increase recommended
- Hedge against unknown useful life with 20 percent

#### **Regular inflation increases:**

- PPI for Port and Harbor Operations (~3.8 percent)
- CPI for Anchorage (~2.6 percent)
- U.S. Office of Management and Budget (~2.0 percent)



# Financial Considerations: Replacement Fund

LCCA assumes excess funds stored in an account for later use

- Downside: funds can accumulate, especially in advance of major projects
- Alternative: replacement fund balance target

#### Bridging the gap:

- Private investment and P3s
- State and federal grants
- Deferral of expenses (scheduling projects over years)
- Debt issuance



# Financial Considerations: Setting a Fund Target

#### Method 1: Rolling five-year average of capital costs

- Target of \$4.2 million
- 41 percent of projected costs of any given year

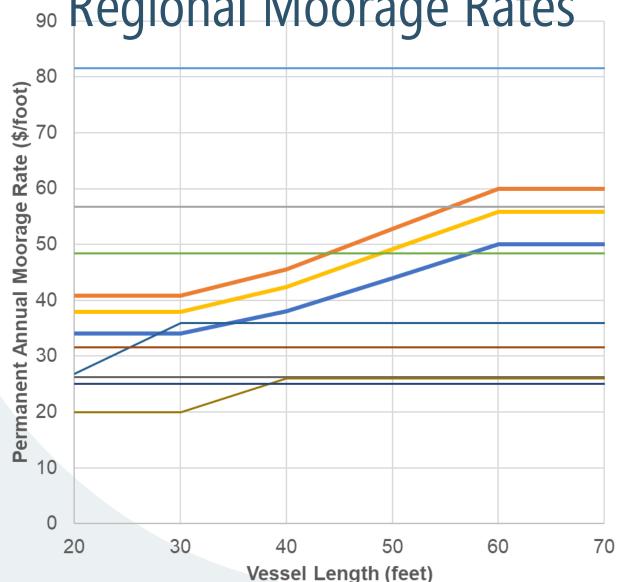
# Method 2: Average each year's capital and major maintenance costs and set target of five times this amount

- Target of \$3.9 million
- 39 percent of projected costs of any given year

Recommendation: \$4 target balance, adjusted for inflation



Financial Considerations: Regional Moorage Rates



- —Juneau Statter Harbor
- Petersburg with 20 Percent Increase
- —Sitka 2012 Harbor Master Plan Recommendation
- Petersburg with 11.7 Percent Increase
- —Petersburg Current Rates (2015)
- Juneau Douglas, Harris, and Aurora Harbors
- -Sitka Current Rates (2015)
- —Ketchikan Outside City Limits
- —Ketchikan Inside City Limits
- —Haines
- ---Wrangell



### The Headlines

Petersburg is doing a good job of covering its costs with a combination of port and harbor revenues as well as a share of the fish taxes received from the borough.

An across-the-board increase of 12 percent would "balance" the port and harbors budget.

The borough needs to save for the repair and replacement the vital facilities — existing and new. A gradual annual rate increase of an additional two percent over the next 10 years would provide additional revenues to fund a repair/replacement fund.

Facilities and acquisitions to support the Waterfront Master Plan will require more than \$10 million, funds that could come from a mix of public investment and partnerships with the private sector.



# Thank you!

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